

A graphical programming environment for fast workflow and optimised DSP usage in *TinyCore*

Overview

The **TinyTools** for programming Oxford Digital's **TinyCore** has been developed to achieve rapid prototyping and development and highly efficient implementation of DSP algorithms.

TinyTools is centred on a graphical programming environment and the **TinyDraw** front-end allows DSP engineers to visually create algorithms in a fast, intuitive manner.

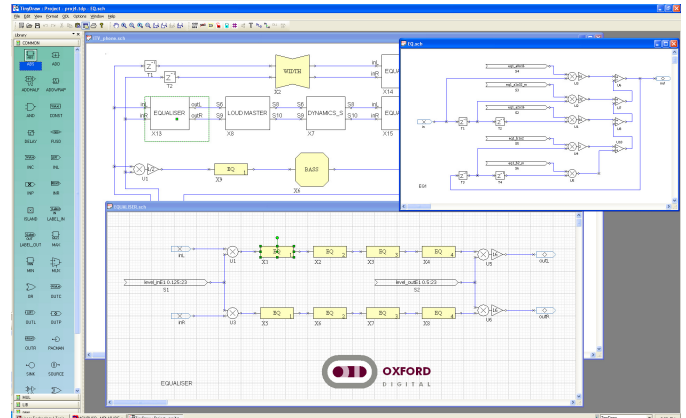
Once entered, the DSP design is then optimised using **TinyOpt**. This ensures the maximum processing can be squeezed into any given **TinyCore**, or alternatively will allow the minimum specification **TinyCore** to be used in order to save gate count.

TinyTools then applies the assembler, **TinyAsm**, to create code that is ready to be loaded and executed directly on **TinyCore** development hardware within seconds of completing a DSP schematic.

Once the DSP is running on **TinyCore**, coefficients in the DSP design can be adjusted using **TinyGcon**. Real-time control ensures easy and precise fine-tunings can be made to the algorithm, with the results immediately observable by listening and/or measurement.

When fast turnarounds are needed and tight schedules must be met, **TinyTools** will ensure the fastest delivery of DSP algorithms, from concept right through to completion. Recent examples are the development of a demonstrable AEC algorithm from scratch within three days and the delivery of DSP code for an application together with HDL for a custom core in six days.

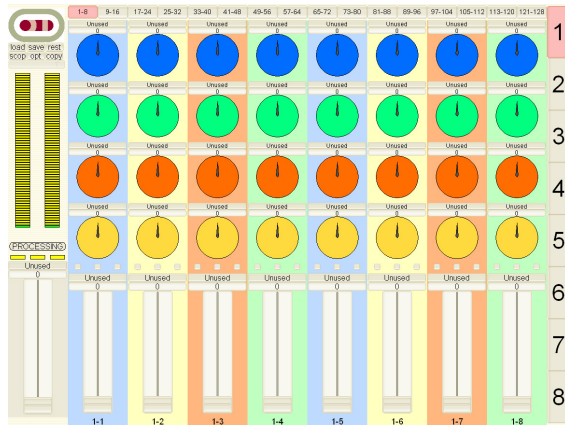
Features



TinyDraw

- **TinyDraw:** A graphical programming schematic capture package. Each of **TinyCore**'s instructions is represented graphically, and elements are wired together to intuitively develop DSP algorithms. **TinyDraw** is fully hierarchical, allowing functional blocks to be developed and saved as library items, which leads to extensive software re-use.
- **TinyOpt:** an optimising compiler which takes a graphical DSP design from **TinyDraw** (or other schematic capture package, such as MathWorks® *Simulink*®) and converts it into assembler. **TinyOpt** utilises a 23-pass optimisation to remove all unnecessary instructions to the point where it beats even Oxford Digital's best assembly level experts by ~10%. The compiler automatically builds a DSP design for any given **TinyCore** (with enough DSP resource for the design) so that a design can be automatically reused on another **TinyCore** design with different parameters such as bit width, number of instructions per sample, audio I/O or RAM specification.
- **TinyAsm:** assembler for **TinyCore** that converts **TinyOpt**'s output into machine code.

- **TinyGcon**: a customisable UI featuring 128 strips of knobs, buttons and faders, for controlling the coefficients of a DSP algorithm in real-time. **TinyGcon** also provides metering, and allows scenes to be set up so that different control settings can be stored in one session.



TinyGcon

Applications

- Rapid implementation of known algorithms
- Algorithm development and prototyping
- Inclusion of Tiny Audio Effects library elements in custom designs
- Inclusion of branded effects such as SRS Labs Inc. StudioSound HD™ in custom designs
- Optimisation of **TinyCore** implementations by “What if” investigations for bit-width and other parameters.

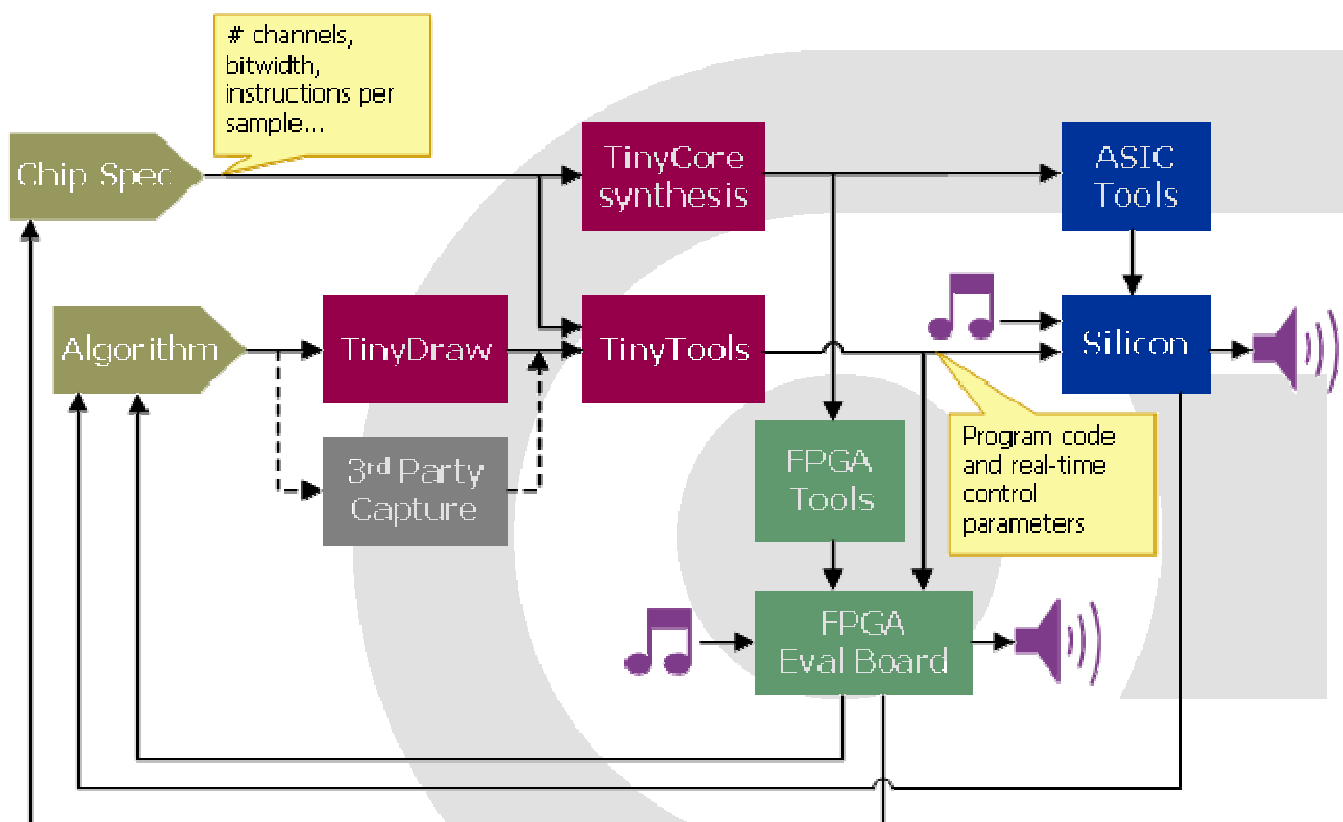


Diagram showing the relationship of the **TinyTools** together with recursive paths for modifying specification and algorithm for fine tuning the implementation